Having an Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangio-Pancreatography (ERCP)

What is an ERCP?
Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangio-Pancreatography is a test that combines the use of endoscopy and x-ray guidance, to examine and/or treat problems with the bile ducts, gallbladder, liver and pancreas. During an ERCP your endoscopist passes a long flexible tube containing a camera and a light through your mouth, over the back of your tongue, down your oesophagus (gullet), into your stomach to the first part of the small bowel (duodenum). Through the endoscope, the endoscopist can view the duodenum and is able to inject contrast dye into the ducts in the biliary tree so they can be seen on x-ray and treatment performed through the scope.

Why would I need this procedure?
An ERCP is a specialised procedure test that will enable your endoscopist to x-ray and visualise the bile duct and allow treatment at the same time.
An ERCP is indicated for:
- Treating gallstones in the bile duct
- Relieving obstructive jaundice from a blockage to the bile duct

What should I do before I come into hospital?
If you are an outpatient you may be asked to come for a pre-assessment before the procedure to see the consultant or nurse. A blood test will be required. Alternatively you may receive a telephone call for a telephone pre-assessment.

If you are an inpatient, a nurse and/or doctor will see you on the ward before your ERCP.

Please let the nurse/Doctor know if:
- You have a heart condition
- You have an artificial valve, a pacemaker or an implanted defibrillator
- You are diabetic
- You are taking warfarin or any drugs to thin your blood
- You have any allergies

For women of childbearing age it is important that you are not pregnant as x-rays can harm an unborn child. You may be asked to have a pregnancy test. The nurse will explain the procedure again and answer any questions you may have.

Will I need sedation?
You will be given analgesia (pain killer) and conscious sedation injection for this procedure; the medications are given through a cannula that will be inserted in your arm. The conscious sedation will make you feel relaxed and drowsy but it is not like having a general anaesthetic.
You will be able to hear and understand what is being said to you, although it is common to have an amnesic effect from the medication.

The endoscopist may also use a local anaesthetic throat spray, which numbs the back of your throat making the procedure more comfortable.

**Do I need to prepare for the test?**

For the ERCP to be successful your stomach needs to be empty, it is important that you do not have anything to eat for at least 6 hours before the procedure and only drink water until 2 hours before your appointment time.

You may take your usual medication with a small amount of water or bring it with you and take it after the test if required. If you are diabetic, and have any concerns regarding the management of your diabetes please contact our diabetic liaison nurse in the Endoscopy Unit.

- Conquest Hospital Endoscopy Unit – Tel: 0300 131 5297
- Eastbourne DGH Endoscopy Unit – Tel: 0300 131 4595

Opening hours: Monday to Friday 8.00am to 6.00pm.

If you taking any blood thinning medication (except aspirin) such as warfarin or clopidogrel please contact the Endoscopy Unit for further advice as you may have to stop these drugs prior to your procedure.

**What do I need to bring with me?**

- A list of all your medications and allergies any allergies you may have.
- The name and telephone number of the person who will be taking you home. A responsible adult will need to stay with you for 12 hours following the conscious sedation.
- Reading glasses.

Do not bring any valuables with you, as the trust cannot take responsibility for any losses.

**What will happen when I arrive at the hospital for my ERCP?**

A trained nurse will review your medical history, medications and any allergies. Your temperature, blood pressure, pulse and oxygen saturations will be taken. You will be asked to wear a hospital gown and a small plastic tube (cannula) will be inserted into a vein in your arm so that you can be given a conscious sedative injection and any other medication required for the procedure.

You will meet the endoscopist who will discuss the procedure and you will be asked to sign a consent form if you haven’t already done so in clinic.

Your ERCP procedure is carried out in the radiology department you will be taken there on a trolley. You may have to wait outside the x-ray room until the endoscopy staff are ready to perform your procedure. You will meet your endoscopist, nurses and radiographer who will undertake the ERCP.

You will be asked to remove any dentures and reading glasses before you lie down on the x-ray table.
What happens during the ERCP?
A nurse will monitor your blood pressure, pulse and oxygen saturations. The other nurses will assist the doctor with the procedure.

A plastic mouthpiece will be placed between your teeth before the procedure starts you will be given a conscious sedation and painkilling injection to make you feel drowsy and relaxed. The endoscope is passed over the back of the tongue, down the gullet (oesophagus), through the stomach into the upper part of the small bowel (duodenum). It allows the doctor to see the opening (ampulla) where the bile duct drains into the bowel. During the procedure, the doctor will insert a fine wire into the bile ducts and inject dye, which shows up on x-ray; x-rays of various parts of your biliary or pancreatic system will be taken.

If your procedure is being performed to remove stones from the bile or pancreatic duct, a small cut (sphincterotomy) may be made in the lower end of the bile duct to allow a fine tube to pass through. This also allows a small basket or balloon to be inserted to remove a stone, any stones that may get into the bile duct in future may pass into the intestine. Specimens may be taken from the bile ducts using a small brush or forceps, and a plastic or metal tube (stent) may be inserted to help with the drainage of bile or pancreatic juice.

You will be in the radiology department for about an hour.

What happens after the test?
After the test a nurse will take you back to the Endoscopy Unit. You may remain drowsy for a while and need to rest for a few hours. A nurse will monitor your blood pressure and pulse and advise you when you can eat and drink. When you do start to eat and drink you should keep to simple meals for a day or two.

The doctor will come to see you later that afternoon and tell you about the results of your test, you will be discharged home once you have recovered sufficiently from the ERCP. A copy of your ERCP report will be sent to your GP.

How will I feel afterwards?
You may have a sore throat caused by the endoscope and you may also have mild abdominal discomfort and feel bloated due to the air that has been passed through the endoscope into your stomach during the procedure.

If there is any concern regarding how you are feeling after the procedure, then it may be that we will admit you to observe things for longer.

The risks of ERCP include:

- Pancreatitis (2-3%) (Inflammation of the pancreas gland which is closely related to the bile duct which may keep you in hospital for several days after the procedure)
- Bleeding (less than 1%)
- Infection (less than 1%)
- Perforation (less than 1%)

What can I expect following conscious sedation?
The effects of sedation may make you feel tired and can last up to 24 hours. We advise you to go home and rest.
• You will need a responsible adult (aged 18+) to collect you from the Endoscopy Unit and stay with you for at least 12 hours after your test.
• You must not drive a car/motorbike, operate machinery (including using your cooker), drink alcohol.
• You should not look after any young children alone.
• You should not take sleeping tablets.
• You should not sign a legal document within 24 hours of having a sedative.
• We advise you to go home and rest.
• You can eat a light diet, drink as normal.
• You can take your usual medication.
• You can eat a light diet.

Consent
Although you consent for this treatment, you may at any time after that withdraw such consent. Please discuss this with your medical team.

Important information
The information in this leaflet is for guidance purposes only and is not provided to replace professional clinical advice from a qualified practitioner.

Your comments
We are always interested to hear your views about our leaflets. If you have any comments, please contact the Patient Experience Team – Tel: 0300 131 4731 or by email at: esh-tr.patientexperience@nhs.net

Hand hygiene
The Trust is committed to maintaining a clean, safe environment. Hand hygiene is very important in controlling infection. Alcohol gel is widely available at the patient bedside for staff use and at the entrance of each clinical area for visitors to clean their hands before and after entering.

Other formats
If you require any of the Trust leaflets in alternative formats, such as large print or alternative languages, please contact the Equality and Human Rights Department.

Tel: 0300 131 4500 Email: esh-tr.AccessibleInformation@nhs.net

After reading this information are there any questions you would like to ask? Please list below and ask your nurse or doctor.
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Reference
The following have been consulted and agreed this patient information:
Consultant Gastroenterologists: Dr P. Mayhead & Dr A. Jeevagan
Endoscopy Unit nurses: Sister T Holmes-Ling, Sister H Foster and Staff Nurse F Makura

Next review date: November 2023
Responsible clinician/author: Sister T Holmes-Ling, Sister H Foster and Staff Nurse F Makura
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