

Post Procedure Advice following an ERCP (Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangio-Pancreatography)

Following your examination today you are advised to go home and rest.

Your procedure will normally have been carried out with a conscious sedative injection or a general anaesthetic, therefore it is important for the next 24 hours **you do not**:

Drive a car/motorbike or ride a bicycle Operate any domestic appliances or machinery Look after young children alone

Sign any legal documents Drink alcohol Take sleeping tablets

One of the effects of sedation is that you may not remember having the procedure, this is normal.

A responsible adult must collect you from the Endoscopy Unit, the same adult or another responsible adult should stay with you for the next 12 hours.

What can I eat?

You can drink and have a light diet low in fat from 2 hours after the procedure. A full diet which is low in fat is advised the next day. You should follow the low-fat diet for a minimum of 48 hours. Please review the low fat dietary advice on page 3.

How will I feel after the procedure?

The back of your throat may feel sore for the rest of the day, and you may still feel a little bloated.

When should I seek help/advice?

Acute pancreatitis is a serious side effect that can occur because of an ERCP. The pancreas is a gland that is located behind the stomach. It has two main functions:

1. It produces enzymes, which help to break down and digest the food we eat.

2. It produces hormones, including insulin, which enables our body to use the glucose (sugar) that is produced from the digestion of certain foods.

Acute pancreatitis occurs when the pancreas suddenly becomes inflamed. If any of the following occur within 48 hours after an ERCP, consult a doctor immediately:

Vomiting bloodNausea/VomitingSevere abdominal painDifficulty breathingSevere bloatingFever/ ShiveringChest PainsTrouble swallowingPassing blood from back passage or bowel motions turn black

Conquest Hospital contact numbers:

Endoscopy Unit – Tel: 0300 131 5297 – Monday to Friday 8:00am to 6:00pm (except bank holidays).

Eastbourne District General Hospital contact numbers:

Endoscopy Unit – Tel: 0300 131 4595 – Monday to Friday 8:00am to 6:00pm (except bank holidays).

Alternatively, after 6:00pm and at weekends please contact attend your nearest Accident and Emergency Department.

Sources of information

www.nhs.uk

Milton Keynes University Hospital NHS Trust Patient Leaflet, Dietary Advice for Acute Pancreatitis

Important information

The information in this leaflet is for guidance purposes only and is not provided to replace professional clinical advice from a qualified practitioner.

Your comments

We are always interested to hear your views about our leaflets. If you have any comments, please contact the patient experience team on 0300 131 4784 or <u>esh-</u> <u>tr.patientexperience@nhs.net</u>.

Hand hygiene

We are committed to maintaining a clean, safe environment. Hand hygiene is very important in controlling infection. Alcohol gel is widely available at the patient bedside for staff use and at the entrance of each clinical area for visitors to clean their hands before and after entering.

Other formats

If you require any of our leaflets in alternative formats, such as large print or alternative languages, please contact the Equality and Human Rights Department on 0300 131 4434 or <u>esh-tr.AccessibleInformation@nhs.net</u>.

After reading this information are there any questions you would like to ask? Please list below and ask your nurse or doctor.

Reference

The following clinicians have been consulted and agreed this patient information: Gastroenterologists Dr A Jeevagan & Dr Absar Qurishi

The clinical specialty/unit that has agreed this patient information leaflet: Medicine

Next review date:October 2026Responsible clinician/author:T. Holmes-Ling© East Sussex Healthcare NHS Trust - www.esht.nhs.uk

Post ERCP low fat dietary advice

Food Group	Suitable low fat options	Higher fat options to AVOID
Meat	Chicken/turkey (no skin), lean red	Deep fried/fatty meats, lamb, goose,
	meat, gammon.	duck, sausage, burgers, corned beef,
		pork pie, bacon rashers, salami.
Fish	Tinned fish in brine or tomato sauce,	Very oily fish, deep fried fish in
	white fish (e.g. cod/plaice)	batter/breadcrumbs, tinned fish in oil.
Milk/diary	Semi-skimmed or skimmed milk, low	Butter, full cream/whole milk, cream,
	fat yogurts, low fat cheese, reduced fat	condensed/evaporated milk, full fat
	cheese spread, quark.	/creamy yogurts, full fat cheese e.g.,
		brie, stilton, cheddar.
Eggs	Plain scrambled, poached, boiled.	Fried eggs, scotch eggs.
Lentils/pulses	All lentils, beans, pulses.	Avoid if in a creamy sauce.
Fruit	All dried, tinned, and fresh fruit.	Avocado
Vegetables/salad	All vegetables and salad.	Roasted vegetables, battered
		vegetables.
Potatoes	Oven chips, jacket potato (low fat	Deep fried chips, waffles, croquettes,
	spread) plain mashed potato, boiled	crisps, potato salad with mayonnaise,
	potatoes.	mashed potato with added
		cream/butter/cheese etc.
Rice/pasta	Boiled rice, pasta, noodles.	Fried rice and noodles.
Cereals/bread	All flour, cereals and most breads.	Naan, croissant, Italian bread
Fats, oils and	Low fat spread, tomato ketchup,	Oil, lard, ghee, suet, mayonnaise,
dressings	barbeque sauce, salsa, tomato-based	salad cream, oil dressings, hummus,
	sauces, pickle, soya sauce, instant	tartare sauce, curry sauce, gravy made
Snacks	gravy.	with dripping
Shacks	Plain popcorn, rice cakes, crackers, plain pretzels, reduced fat crisps e.g.	Onion bhajis, samosas, nuts, crisps, spring rolls, pastries, sausage rolls.
	Quavers & Skips	spring rolls, pastries, sausage rolls.
Sweets	Pastilles. Fruit gums, boiled/jelly	Chocolate, fudge.
	sweets, liquorice, marshmallows.	, 3
Puddings, cakes	Jelly, sorbet, meringue, iced buns, rich	Ice-cream, custard tarts, gateau,
and pastries	tea biscuits.	cheesecake, doughnuts, scones,
		digestives, shortcake, cream
		filled/chocolate biscuits, flapjacks,
		pasties, pastries.
Sugar, spreads &	Sugar/sweeteners, lemon curd, honey,	Peanut butter, chocolate spreads.
preserves	syrup, treacle, yeast extracts.	
Ready-made	Choose reduced fat options	Curries, masalas, lasagne, pizza,
meals		quiche, pies chicken Kiev.
Drinks	Water, tea, fruit juice, squash, fizzy	Full fat milky drinks, smoothies with full
	drinks.	fat milk/yogurt, alcoholic drinks.

Endoscopy Discharge Report:

- You will be sent an appointment to have this procedure again in approximately...... weeks.
- Biopsies/ brushings have been taken which will take approximatelyweeks to be analysed by the histopathology department. Results will be sent to your consultant who will contact you or arrange a follow up appointment.
- □ You have been given an information leaflet.
- □ You have been spoken to by an endoscopist/nurse regarding the results of your procedure.
- □ You can begin to eat and drink as per post ERCP low fat dietary advice above from
- Insertion of a plastic pancreatic duct stent was performed today. This stent is used in most cases to reduce the risk of you developing pancreatitis post procedure. The stent will usually be passed out spontaneously, but to confirm that the stent is no longer in place you will have an abdominal x-ray around 2-4 weeks post procedure. Results of your x-ray will be reviewed and in most cases the stent will have been passed and no further action is required. In a few cases the pancreatic duct stent may remain, and a further endoscopy procedure will need to be undertaken to remove the stent.

- Insertion of an uncovered metal stent into the common bile duct was performed today. This stent will remain in place permanently, your medical team will be in contact regarding ongoing management and care.

If you have any further questions, please ask a member of the nursing staff who will be happy to explain anything you are unclear about. Completed by:

Print Name:	Designation:	
Signature:	Date:	
MY HEALTH AND CARE RECORD	View hospital appointments, clinical letters and athology results using our secure online system - www.esht.nhs.uk/mhcr	